



## EFFECTS OF DIFFERENT LACTASES AND RATIOS ON THE PREPARATION OF LOW-LACTOSE PREBIOTIC LIQUID GOAT MILK

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### ABSTRACT

Consumption of dairy products provides consumers with nutrients and is beneficial to human health, but lactose intolerance prevents some consumers from consuming dairy products. Using lactase to hydrolyze lactose and generate galactooligosaccharides (GOS) can not only avoid lactose intolerance but also increase the prebiotics of dairy products and improve the functionality of the product. This study investigated the effects of 14 lactases and their ratios on the generation of GOS and the hydrolysis of lactose using goat milk. It was found that there were significant differences in the effects of lactase on the synthesis of GOS and lactose hydrolysis. The rate of lactose hydrolysis (LHR) and GOS concentration are 4.70%-80.62%, and 0.82 g/L-12.60 g/L respectively. The best effect is achieved when lactase E10 and E5 are in a ratio of 4:1, The GOS concentration was 14.587±0.20 g/L and the LHR was 91.880±0.01%, respectively.